

Names	to	12	18	24	30	to	12	18	24	30	35	40
	10	10	20	30	40	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
Charles Coffey	2			1		1	1		1			
Nichol Clark	1		1	2		3		3	1			1
Joseph Grace			1	2				2		1	2	
James Hood	2			1		2	1		1			1
John Stevens	3	1		1			1		1			
Thomas Stevens			1			1	2	2		1		
Will. Smith	2	1	1	2		2	1	1	2			
Will. Arnold	2			2	1	1		1	1			1
Benjamin Ladd	4	2	1	1		2	1		1			1
James Robinson		1		1						1		
James Robinson	3			1		1	1					
Joseph Johnson	1			1		3			1			
W. L. Johnson	1		1		1	2	2	1	1			
Nicholas White	1			1		2	1		1			
William White	2			1		3			1			
David Clark	2			1		2			1			
Jacob Bush	2		1			1		1				
David Shinnon	1			1		1			1			
Jacob Carver	1	1		1		3		2	1			
Edward Bancroft	3			1		2	1		1			
Edward Papp	1	2	1		1	1	1	1	1			
Harlow Horton	3			1		1	1		1			
James Bannet	1	3	1		1	1	1		1			
John Clark			1		1	2	1		1	1		
Joseph Wall	1			1		2			1			
John Turner					1			2		1		1
Paul Hill		1		1		0			1			
Jacob Hill	2	1		1		2	2		1	1		
John Love	2	2	1		1	1	1		1		6	
John Love			1					1	1	1		
Henry Love	1		1	1			1		1	1		
James Ferguson	3			1					1			
Thomas Gaston	4	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	2		
John Hill	5	1		2	1	3	2	1	1	1		
Will. M. Donald					1		1			1		
John M. Donald	2	3		1		3	1		1			5
Jordan Ashley	1		1		1	3	2	2		1		
John M. Martin	5	1		1	1			1		1		
Richard Upsey	1	2			1	3	1		1	1		
John Chival	1		1			2			1			
Eliza White	1	1		1				1		1		



Benjamin Ladd
in the U.S. Census Reconstructed Records, 1660-1820

Name: Benjamin Ladd

Gender: M (Male)

State: South Carolina

County: Camden District

Residence Year: 1780

Household Remarks: He is on the Petit Jury list for Camden district.

Source Citation

Document: *Jury Lists, 1783, Acts #1172 [at SC Archives]*; Page Number: 5; Family Number: 380

Source Information

Ancestry.com. *U.S. Census Reconstructed Records, 1660-1820* [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations, Inc., 2011.

Original data: Census Publishing. *State Census Records*. West Jordan, Utah: Census Publishing, 2003-2009.

Description

Records in this database come from Census Publishing's efforts to both restore or re-create missing pieces of early censuses and actually create decennial "census" records for the years prior to 1790. They extract their information from sources such as not limited to: tax lists, legislative petitions, voter's lists, state and federal land records, and military lists. [Learn more...](#)

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CERULEAN SPRINGS AND WALLONIA PRECINCTS. 123

and George, both of whom achieved some reputation in an early day as mechanics, and much of the furniture used by the first settlers was made by them. Another very early settler whose arrival antedates 1795 was James Daniel, who located about one and a half miles east of the farm now owned by J. Stewart. His sons Elijah, John and George came the same time and figured as prominent citizens at a later day. George became Sheriff of the county in 1880. John Blakely settled two miles southeast of the Springs as early as 1792, and was joined soon after by William Johnson and John Roberts, both of whom came from South Carolina. Joel Thompson was among the first pioneers, and made a home on land adjoining the old Goodwin farm. John Goode settled on Dry Fork one and a half miles from the Springs prior to 1800, and was one of the earliest magistrates in the county. Jacob Stinebaugh came in an early day and settled where his son Daniel lives, a short distance from the Springs. The latter was born on the place where he now resides, and has been a citizen of the precinct for seventy-five years.

Among other very early comers were Benjamin Ladd, Elisha Harber, John Jones, Richard Stowe, Robert Rogers, H. Hayden, John McAtee and James Brownfield, all of whom located within a radius of three miles of the village. Later came David Haggard, John Guthrie and his sons Vincent, Patrick, Jesse and Erby, William, James and John Blanks, Samuel Campbell, Wiley Wilson, Joel Wilson, William Wilson, Seth Pool, Adam Thompson and J. Pool.

Early Events.—The first death in this precinct as far as known was a man by name of Upton, who died prior to the year 1804. He was the first person buried in the Guthrie Graveyard. Robert Goodwin, Sr., and Jesse Goodwin died in a very early day, and were among the first laid to rest in what is known as the Military Cemetery. Balaam Izell was the first person interred in the Thomas graveyard, his death having occurred prior to 1820. Among the very early marriages were the following: John Goodwin and Elizabeth Griffith, Joseph Goodwin and a Miss Edwards, Gustin Cook and Mary Goodwin, David Martin and Martha Goodwin, Josiah Blakely and Elizabeth Goodwin, Richard McAtee and Anna Goodwin. In the year 1806 Jackson Daniel, son of James Daniel, was born, and a year later Samuel, son of Robert Goodwin, Sr., was ushered into the world. These as far as known were the first births that occurred in what is now Cerulean Precinct. Other early births were, Green Daniel born in 1808, Leah Goodwin in 1809, Lewis Daniel in 1810, Benjamin Woodson, John and Harry Goode, sons of John Goode, prior to 1812, and Robert Goodwin, Jr., in 1811.

Mills and Other Industries.—The first settlers were obliged to undergo many hardships during the early days of the country, and for a num-

and seems to have been a man of splendid acquirements and an excellent instructor.

Religious.—The pioneer church of Trigg County was the Baptist, and among the earliest Preachers were Elders Dorris and S. Brown, who preached from house to house as early as the years 1795 and 1800. The first society was the Muddy Fork Baptist Church, which dates its organization from the year 1806, at which time it was constituted as an arm of an older organization known as the Eddy Grove Church, in Caldwell County. Among the earliest members were Samuel Goodwin, Jesse Goodwin, Benjamin Ladd, John Goode and wife, Samuel Goodwin, Jr., Robert Rogers and wife, B. Sizemore and wife, Anderson Sizemore, Benjamin Vincent and William Snelling. The first house of worship was a small log structure erected in 1806. It stood until 1836, at which time it was torn away and replaced by a substantial frame house, which is still in use. The pastors and regular supplies of the church since its organization have been the following: Elders Fielding Wolfe, Reuben Rowland, Peyton Nance (who was pastor for over twenty years), John Gammon, and Hezekiah Smith, the present incumbent. It is a point in the Little River Association, and numbers about sixty-five or seventy members at the present time.

Cerulean Missionary Baptist Church was organized about the year 1858, with a membership of forty persons, a number which has since increased to 160. A beautiful temple of worship was erected soon after the organization on land donated by Col. Philip Anderson, one of the most influential and active members of the society. This house was a frame structure, 40x60 feet, and cost the sum of \$3,400. It was burned in the year 1867, and soon thereafter the present edifice was built at a cost of \$1,000.

The following pastors have ministered to the church in the order named: William Gregston, W. Meacham and James Spurlin, the last named being Preacher in charge at the present time.

Village of Cerulean Springs.—This neat little hamlet is situated in the western part of the precinct on Muddy Fork and occupies one of the most romantic and beautiful spots in Trigg County. Indeed, it would be difficult to find within the bounds of the entire state a location embracing as many pleasing features and enjoying such a healthful climate. The chief attraction is a spring of never-failing water of a milky white appearance and strongly impregnated with mineral properties. The following sketch was written by Maj. McKinney in his reminiscences of the county: "The waters of these springs have attracted the attention of the humble and the scientific from their earliest discovery. The first settlers of the county had a high appreciation of them, because, when almost